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were asymptomatic, and all were managed conservatively (except 1 requiring surgical drainage). The mechanisms we postulate are discussed in our earlier article. There appears to be a predisposition of Asians being more susceptible to intracranial hemorrhages. In a meta-analysis, the incidence of such bleeds per 1,000,000 person-years was 24.2 in whites, 22.9 in blacks, 19.6 in Hispanics, and 51.8 in Asians.7

Going forward, we will strive to improve on the current foundation and framework that our multidisciplinary CTEPH program has achieved to provide better care for the patients in the region.

References

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